

Perryburg Journal.

JAMES TIMMONS, Editor.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 6, 1859.

STATE TICKET.

RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,
FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
GEN. JOHN C. LEE,
MEMBER OF STATE,
S. WARNER,
SUPERVISOR JUDGES,
L. DAY,

ATTORNEY GENERAL,
COL. F. B. POND,
BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS,
RICHARD B. PORTER,
WOOD COUNTY REPUBLICAN
CONVENTION!

The Republican ticket of Wood County are reported to have won in Convention, on Tuesday, Saturday, August 14, 1859, for the purpose of voting in nomination candidates for the following offices, to-wit:

ONE AT THE
ONE CHAMBERLAIN,
ONE PROTHONOTARY,
ONE PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,
ONE INFLUENTIAL DIRECTOR,

ONE COMMISSIONER.

And also in select Delegates to the Representative and Senatorial Conventions, upon ballot for the election of Delegates to the State Convention at Columbus, Ohio, on Saturday, August 14, 1859, for the purpose of voting in nomination candidates for the following offices, to-wit:

ONE AT THE
ONE CHAMBERLAIN,
ONE PROTHONOTARY,
ONE PROSECUTING ATTORNEY,
ONE INFLUENTIAL DIRECTOR,

ONE COMMISSIONER.

The several Townships are entitled to the following votes:

Perryburg,	78	Washington,	58
Milford,	58	Wauseon,	57
Miller,	47	Plain,	47
Center,	41	Portage,	22
Perry,	33	Richmond,	22
Wolcott,	31	Troy,	9
Lake,	23	Liberty,	25
Henry,	8	Jackson,	7

By order of the Central Committee, WOODBROOK, OHIO.

REPUBLICAN REPRESENTATIVE CONVENTION.

The Republican R-representative Convention for the election of Wood and Ottawa, will meet at Toledo, Ohio, on Saturday, August 14, 1859.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1859, at 1 o'clock P. M., to nominate a candidate for Representative to be supported at the next election.

Ballot of voting rights in aid Convention will be allowed for every one registered voter cast for General Grant for President; and one for every fraction of fifty votes or over, which will give

Wood 20 votes; Ottawa County 10 votes.

W. H. SLOAN, Ottawa Co. Committee.

J. B. LUCKEY, Ottawa Co. Committee.

J. E. PRIDE, Wood Co. Committee.

GEO. LASKEY, Wood Co. Committee.

The election in Tumasee, on yesterday, passed off equally as far as heard from, and the indications are that SENEX is elected Governor by a large majority.

The great exposition of Textile Fabrics, which opened in Cincinnati on Tuesday morning last, has been a complete success. It is estimated that about 23,000 persons were in attendance on the first day.

COMMISSIONER AGAIN.

Farmers of Wood County made outly on commissioners and came into the convention determined to have no promises, but to nominate our man, and let that man be W. S. St. John.

We earnestly urge Mr. St. John's re-nomination.

Now, why this exceedingly great anxiety for the re-nomination of Mr. St. John, he has not discharged the duties of commissioner? We answer, because he has shown himself not only willing but eager to promote the interest of Bowing Green and through that his own, by sacrificing the interest of the tax-payers. He was swift to lay a tax of \$23,000 upon the county in violation of law and in violation of the repeated pledge by the citizens of B. G. that they did not erect the public buildings, the people of the county should not do so, but under the circumstances voted a tax for that purpose.

He was swift to direct the auditor to draw an order on the county treasurer for thousands of dollars to aid in building a jail "in the face of justice" and in violation of the above stated pledge.

He united with B. G. in directing the auditor to draw upon the treasurer for \$772.51 to pay attorneys' fees in the court of appeals. Where did he find authority for doing it? We unhesitatingly assert there was or is none.

The state provides the manner of conduct and how the expenses thereof shall be paid, but where is there a provision for attorneys' fees?

Meas. Raus & Rauske endeavored, as any other electors might have done, to become defendants in the contest case and on their own motion they were made such. They might employ lawyers if they saw fit and then it would be their duty to see them paid, but under no circumstance could there rest an obligation upon the county to pay them. The commissioners were never parties to these suits and whatever they have done in them, they have done as individuals and volunteers. These suits were absolutely "none of their business," and they had no right to make an order to pay the attorneys of Raus & Rauske and Webber than that Phillips would not resolve from his rough treatment, and some express the belief that he is not yet out of danger. Phillips was in prison for a short time, and was released without any trial, but he was again arrested and placed around his neck, and it was thought that there was hope for the wretched man, who was always in the hands of the executioner. At this moment, Justice Gott appealed to the crowd to desist, as he had a few days before lost a little child, and hoped that, through the intercession of the feelings of pity, they would desist, or at least remove to some other place with it. He was allowed the entire time, but the crowd of death sought to carry him off, dragging Phillips to the gate several times and placing a rope around his neck, but by his terrible resistance and the assistance of his friends, he was able to break free. Finally he sprang through the brick window of the office and stood for a moment facing the crowd when he was at once struck, receiving a dozen or twenty only remaining. In the meantime, Justice Gott, who was also present, was dragging them off, dragging Phillips to the gate several times and placing a rope around his neck, but by his terrible resistance and the assistance of his friends, he was able to break free. Finally he sprang through the brick window of the office and stood for a moment facing the crowd when he was at once struck, receiving a dozen or twenty only remaining. In the meantime, Justice Gott, who was also present, was dragging them off, dragging Phillips to the gate, and before the crowd could recover from the impact, before surprise placed him in the wagon and drove him away, going northward, leaving the crowd, the crowd running after. When half-a-mile north of town, that wagon was overtaken by a post rider, the crowd, having followed Phillips to a neighboring tree. At this moment, the Sheriff arrived and presented his pistol in such a determined manner that he was allowed to escape. The post rider, having followed him, and having already run across him, dragged him through the mud, and notwithstanding the raid made with clubs upon the jail in June last, by Meas. St. John, Taurius and Raus, with no other object in view than to make it appear so that the Sheriff might feel justified in removing the prisoners, this building continues to hold, securely, all therein confined.

We have no desire to prolong the building of a new jail in Perryburg, as more money will be required for the same, and the building may already exceed the discretion to have order, and it is to be hoped that another order, and it will not again take place.

He united with B. G. in directing the auditor to draw upon the treasurer for \$772.51 to pay attorneys' fees in the court of appeals. Where did he find authority for doing it? We unhesitatingly assert there was or is none.

The state provides the manner of conduct and how the expenses thereof shall be paid, but where is there a provision for attorneys' fees?

Meas. Raus & Rauske endeavored, as any other electors might have done, to become defendants in the contest case and on their own motion they were made such. They might employ lawyers if they saw fit and then it would be their duty to see them paid, but under no circumstance could there rest an obligation upon the county to pay them. The commissioners were never parties to these suits and whatever they have done in them, they have done as individuals and volunteers. These suits were absolutely "none of their business," and they had no right to make an order to pay the attorneys of Raus & Rauske and Webber than that Phillips would not resolve from his rough treatment, and some express the belief that he is not yet out of danger. Phillips was in prison for a short time, and was released without any trial, but he was again arrested and placed around his neck, and it was thought that there was hope for the wretched man, who was always in the hands of the executioner. At this moment, Justice Gott appealed to the crowd to desist, as he had a few days before lost a little child, and hoped that, through the intercession of the feelings of pity, they would desist, or at least remove to some other place with it. He was allowed the entire time, but the crowd of death sought to carry him off, dragging Phillips to the gate, and before the crowd could recover from the impact, before surprise placed him in the wagon and drove him away, going northward, leaving the crowd, the crowd running after. When half-a-mile north of town, that wagon was overtaken by a post rider, the crowd, having followed him, and having already run across him, dragged him through the mud, and notwithstanding the raid made with clubs upon the jail in June last, by Meas. St. John, Taurius and Raus, with no other object in view than to make it appear so that the Sheriff might feel justified in removing the prisoners, this building continues to hold, securely, all therein confined.

We have no desire to prolong the building of a new jail in Perryburg, as more money will be required for the same, and the building may already exceed the discretion to have order, and it is to be hoped that another order, and it will not again take place.

He united with B. G. in directing the auditor to draw upon the treasurer for \$772.51 to pay attorneys' fees in the court of appeals. Where did he find authority for doing it? We unhesitatingly assert there was or is none.

The state provides the manner of conduct and how the expenses thereof shall be paid, but where is there a provision for attorneys' fees?

Meas. Raus & Rauske endeavored, as any other electors might have done, to become defendants in the contest case and on their own motion they were made such. They might employ lawyers if they saw fit and then it would be their duty to see them paid, but under no circumstance could there rest an obligation upon the county to pay them. The commissioners were never parties to these suits and whatever they have done in them, they have done as individuals and volunteers. These suits were absolutely "none of their business," and they had no right to make an order to pay the attorneys of Raus & Rauske and Webber than that Phillips would not resolve from his rough treatment, and some express the belief that he is not yet out of danger. Phillips was in prison for a short time, and was released without any trial, but he was again arrested and placed around his neck, and it was thought that there was hope for the wretched man, who was always in the hands of the executioner. At this moment, Justice Gott appealed to the crowd to desist, as he had a few days before lost a little child, and hoped that, through the intercession of the feelings of pity, they would desist, or at least remove to some other place with it. He was allowed the entire time, but the crowd of death sought to carry him off, dragging Phillips to the gate, and before the crowd could recover from the impact, before surprise placed him in the wagon and drove him away, going northward, leaving the crowd, the crowd running after. When half-a-mile north of town, that wagon was overtaken by a post rider, the crowd, having followed him, and having already run across him, dragged him through the mud, and notwithstanding the raid made with clubs upon the jail in June last, by Meas. St. John, Taurius and Raus, with no other object in view than to make it appear so that the Sheriff might feel justified in removing the prisoners, this building continues to hold, securely, all therein confined.

We have no desire to prolong the building of a new jail in Perryburg, as more money will be required for the same, and the building may already exceed the discretion to have order, and it is to be hoped that another order, and it will not again take place.

He united with B. G. in directing the auditor to draw upon the treasurer for \$772.51 to pay attorneys' fees in the court of appeals. Where did he find authority for doing it? We unhesitatingly assert there was or is none.

The state provides the manner of conduct and how the expenses thereof shall be paid, but where is there a provision for attorneys' fees?

Meas. Raus & Rauske endeavored, as any other electors might have done, to become defendants in the contest case and on their own motion they were made such. They might employ lawyers if they saw fit and then it would be their duty to see them paid, but under no circumstance could there rest an obligation upon the county to pay them. The commissioners were never parties to these suits and whatever they have done in them, they have done as individuals and volunteers. These suits were absolutely "none of their business," and they had no right to make an order to pay the attorneys of Raus & Rauske and Webber than that Phillips would not resolve from his rough treatment, and some express the belief that he is not yet out of danger. Phillips was in prison for a short time, and was released without any trial, but he was again arrested and placed around his neck, and it was thought that there was hope for the wretched man, who was always in the hands of the executioner. At this moment, Justice Gott appealed to the crowd to desist, as he had a few days before lost a little child, and hoped that, through the intercession of the feelings of pity, they would desist, or at least remove to some other place with it. He was allowed the entire time, but the crowd of death sought to carry him off, dragging Phillips to the gate, and before the crowd could recover from the impact, before surprise placed him in the wagon and drove him away, going northward, leaving the crowd, the crowd running after. When half-a-mile north of town, that wagon was overtaken by a post rider, the crowd, having followed him, and having already run across him, dragged him through the mud, and notwithstanding the raid made with clubs upon the jail in June last, by Meas. St. John, Taurius and Raus, with no other object in view than to make it appear so that the Sheriff might feel justified in removing the prisoners, this building continues to hold, securely, all therein confined.

We have no desire to prolong the building of a new jail in Perryburg, as more money will be required for the same, and the building may already exceed the discretion to have order, and it is to be hoped that another order, and it will not again take place.

He united with B. G. in directing the auditor to draw upon the treasurer for \$772.51 to pay attorneys' fees in the court of appeals. Where did he find authority for doing it? We unhesitatingly assert there was or is none.

The state provides the manner of conduct and how the expenses thereof shall be paid, but where is there a provision for attorneys' fees?

Meas. Raus & Rauske endeavored, as any other electors might have done, to become defendants in the contest case and on their own motion they were made such. They might employ lawyers if they saw fit and then it would be their duty to see them paid, but under no circumstance could there rest an obligation upon the county to pay them. The commissioners were never parties to these suits and whatever they have done in them, they have done as individuals and volunteers. These suits were absolutely "none of their business," and they had no right to make an order to pay the attorneys of Raus & Rauske and Webber than that Phillips would not resolve from his rough treatment, and some express the belief that he is not yet out of danger. Phillips was in prison for a short time, and was released without any trial, but he was again arrested and placed around his neck, and it was thought that there was hope for the wretched man, who was always in the hands of the executioner. At this moment, Justice Gott appealed to the crowd to desist, as he had a few days before lost a little child, and hoped that, through the intercession of the feelings of pity, they would desist, or at least remove to some other place with it. He was allowed the entire time, but the crowd of death sought to carry him off, dragging Phillips to the gate, and before the crowd could recover from the impact, before surprise placed him in the wagon and drove him away, going northward, leaving the crowd, the crowd running after. When half-a-mile north of town, that wagon was overtaken by a post rider, the crowd, having followed him, and having already run across him, dragged him through the mud, and notwithstanding the raid made with clubs upon the jail in June last, by Meas. St. John, Taurius and Raus, with no other object in view than to make it appear so that the Sheriff might feel justified in removing the prisoners, this building continues to hold, securely, all therein confined.

We have no desire to prolong the building of a new jail in Perryburg, as more money will be required for the same, and the building may already exceed the discretion to have order, and it is to be hoped that another order, and it will not again take place.

He united with B. G. in directing the auditor to draw upon the treasurer for \$772.51 to pay attorneys' fees in the court of appeals. Where did he find authority for doing it? We unhesitatingly assert there was or is none.

The state provides the manner of conduct and how the expenses thereof shall be paid, but where is there a provision for attorneys' fees?

Meas. Raus & Rauske endeavored, as any other electors might have done, to become defendants in the contest case and on their own motion they were made such. They might employ lawyers if they saw fit and then it would be their duty to see them paid, but under no circumstance could there rest an obligation upon the county to pay them. The commissioners were never parties to these suits and whatever they have done in them, they have done as individuals and volunteers. These suits were absolutely "none of their business," and they had no right to make an order to pay the attorneys of Raus & Rauske and Webber than that Phillips would not resolve from his rough treatment, and some express the belief that he is not yet out of danger. Phillips was in prison for a short time, and was released without any trial, but he was again arrested and placed around his neck, and it was thought that there was hope for the wretched man, who was always in the hands of the executioner. At this moment, Justice Gott appealed to the crowd to desist, as he had a few days before lost a little child, and hoped that, through the intercession of the feelings of pity, they would desist, or at least remove to some other place with it. He was allowed the entire time, but the crowd of death sought to carry him off, dragging Phillips to the gate, and before the crowd could recover from the impact, before surprise placed him in the wagon and drove him away, going northward, leaving the crowd, the crowd running after. When half-a-mile north of town, that wagon was overtaken by a post rider, the crowd, having followed him, and having already run across him, dragged him through the mud, and notwithstanding the raid made with clubs upon the jail in June last, by Meas. St. John, Taurius and Raus, with no other object in view than to make it appear so that the Sheriff might feel justified in removing the prisoners, this building continues to hold, securely, all therein confined.

We have no desire to prolong the building of a new jail in Perryburg, as more money will be required for the same, and the building may already exceed the discretion to have order, and it is to be hoped that another order, and it will not again take place.

He united with B. G. in directing the auditor to draw upon the treasurer for \$772.51 to pay attorneys' fees in the court of appeals. Where did he find authority for doing it? We unhesitatingly assert there was or is none.

The state provides the manner of conduct and how the expenses thereof shall be paid, but where is there a provision for attorneys' fees?

Meas. Raus & Rauske endeavored, as any other electors might have done, to become defendants in the contest case and on their own motion they were made such. They might employ lawyers if they saw fit and then it would be their duty to see them paid, but under no circumstance could there rest an obligation upon the county to pay them. The commissioners were never parties to these suits and whatever they have done in them, they have done as individuals and volunteers. These suits were absolutely "none of their business," and they had no right to make an order to pay the attorneys of Raus & Rauske and Webber than that Phillips would not resolve from his rough treatment, and some express the belief that he is not yet out of danger. Phillips was in prison for a short time, and was released without any trial, but he was again arrested and placed around his neck, and it was thought that there was hope for the wretched man, who was always in the hands of the executioner. At this moment, Justice Gott appealed to the crowd to desist, as he had a few days before lost a little child, and hoped that, through the intercession of the feelings of pity, they would desist, or at least remove to some other place with it. He was allowed the entire time, but the crowd of death sought to carry him off, dragging Phillips to the gate, and before the crowd could recover from the impact, before surprise placed him in the wagon and drove him away, going northward, leaving the crowd, the crowd running after. When half-a-mile north of town, that wagon was overtaken by a post rider, the crowd, having followed him, and having already run across him, dragged him through the mud, and notwithstanding the raid made with clubs upon the jail in June last, by Meas. St. John, Taurius and Raus, with no other object in view than to make it appear so that the Sheriff might feel justified in removing the prisoners, this building continues to hold, securely, all therein confined.

We have no desire to prolong the building of a new jail in Perryburg, as more money will be required for the same, and the building may already exceed the discretion to have order, and it is to be hoped that another order, and it will not again take place.

He united with B. G. in directing the auditor to draw upon the treasurer for \$772.51 to pay attorneys' fees in the court of appeals. Where did he find authority for doing it? We unhesitatingly assert there was or is none.

The state provides the manner of conduct and how the expenses thereof shall be paid, but where is there a provision for attorneys' fees?

Meas. Raus & Rauske endeavored, as any other electors might have done, to become defendants in the contest case and on their own motion they were made such. They might employ lawyers if they saw fit and then it would be their duty to see them paid, but under no circumstance could there rest an obligation upon the county to pay them. The commissioners were never parties to these suits and whatever they have done in them, they have done as individuals and volunteers. These suits were absolutely "none of their business," and they had no right to make an order to pay the attorneys of Raus & Rauske and Webber than that Phillips would not resolve from his rough treatment, and some express the belief that he is not yet out of danger. Phillips was in prison for a short time, and was released without any trial, but he was again arrested and placed around his neck, and it was thought that there was hope for the wretched man, who was always in the hands of the executioner. At this moment, Justice Gott appealed to the crowd to desist, as he had a few days before lost a little child, and hoped that, through the intercession of the feelings of pity, they would desist, or at least remove to some other place with it. He was allowed the entire time, but the crowd of death sought to carry him off, dragging Phillips to the gate, and before the crowd could recover from the impact, before surprise placed him in the wagon and drove him away, going northward, leaving the crowd, the crowd running after. When half-a-mile north of town, that wagon was overtaken by a post rider, the crowd, having followed him, and having already run across him, dragged him through the mud, and notwithstanding the raid made with clubs upon the jail in June last, by Meas. St. John, Taurius and Raus, with no other object in view than to make it appear so that the Sheriff might feel justified in removing the prisoners, this building continues to hold, securely, all therein confined.